AdventHealth Wauchula 2019 COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Adventist Health System/Sunbelt, Inc. dba AdventHealth Wauchula Approved by the Hospital Board on: October 24, 2019 Director of Community Benefit: Kimberly Williams, MPH, MS kimberly.r.williams@adventhealth.com

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Extending the Healing Ministry of Christ



2019 Community Health Needs Assessment

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Acknowledgements

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	This report was prepared by
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	Rosenbaum, with contributions
	from members of the
	AdventHealth Wauchula
	Community Health Needs
	Assessment Committee
	representing health leaders in
	our community and
	AdventHealth Wauchula leaders.

A special thanks to the Florida Department of Health in Hardee County and the Hardee County Health Care Task Force for their expertise and support in the collection and analysis of the data.

We are especially grateful to all those who participated in the community surveys and key informant interviews in Hardee County. Their contributions made this report possible and lay the groundwork as we continue to fulfill our mission of *Extending the Healing Ministry of Christ*.

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Goals

Adventist Health System/Sunbelt, Inc. d/b/a AdventHealth Wauchula will be referred to in this document as AdventHealth Wauchula or "The Hospital". AdventHealth Wauchula in Wauchula, Florida, AdventHealth Sebring in Sebring, Florida, and AdventHealth Lake Placid in Lake Placid, Florida share the same defined community and therefore completed their Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) and conducted the CHNA process together as a collaboration in 2019.

The goals of the assessment were to:

- Engage public health and community stakeholders including low-income, minority and other underserved populations
- Assess and understand the community's health issues and needs
- Understand the health behaviors, risk factors and social determinants that impact health
- Identify community resources and collaborate with community partners
- Publish the Community Health Needs Assessment
- Use assessment findings to develop and implement a 2020-2022 Community Health Plan based on AdventHealth Wauchula's prioritized issues.

Community Health Needs Assessment Committee

In order to ensure broad community input, AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid created a Community Health Needs Assessment Committee (CHNAC) to help guide the Hospital through the assessment process. AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid are members of the Hardee County Health Care Task Force (HCTF) and Living Well in Highlands County, groups led by the Florida Department of Health in Hardee County and Highlands County. Both groups contributed throughout the process of conducting the Community Health Needs Assessment.

The CHNAC included representation from the Hospital, public health experts, and the broad community. This included intentional representation from low-income, minority and other underserved populations. The CHNAC met three times in 2018-2019. They reviewed the primary and secondary data, helped define the priority issues to be addressed by the Hospital, and helped develop the Community Health Plan to address the priority issues. *See Section 5 for a list of CHNAC members*.

Data

AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid collected both primary and secondary data.

The Florida Department of Health in Hardee County shared primary data with the CHNAC. AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid worked together with the Florida Department of Health in Highlands County to develop and implement a joint community survey to better understand the needs of the community. Additional sources of primary data included stakeholder interviews and community meetings.

Secondary data sources included internal Hospital utilization data (inpatient and emergency department). This utilization data showed the top reasons for visits to AdventHealth Wauchula over the past year. In addition, we utilized publicly available data from state and nationally recognized data sources. See Section 7 for a list of data sources.

Primary and secondary data was then compiled and analyzed in order to identify the top seven aggregate issues from the various sources of data.

Community Asset Inventory

The next step was a Community Asset Inventory. This inventory was designed to help AdventHealth Wauchula and the CHNAC to:

Understand existing community efforts to address the seven identified issues from aggregate primary and secondary data;

and

Prevent duplication of efforts as appropriate. See Section 9 for the Asset Inventory.

Selection Criteria

Using the data findings and the Asset Inventory, the CHNAC narrowed the list of seven issues to four (4) priority issues.

The CHNAC used a priority selection tool that uses clearly defined criteria to select the top issues to address. See Section 10 for the Priority Selection Report.

The priority selection criteria included:

- A. Relevance: How important is this issue?
- B. Impact: What will we achieve by addressing this issue?
- C. Feasibility: Can we adequately address this issue?

Priority Issues to be Addressed

The priority issues to be addressed include:

- 1. Mental Health (Behavioral Health)
 - a. <u>Goal 1:</u> To increase education and awareness related to mental health by engaging community members, public schools, community organizations, and other community stakeholders.
 - b. <u>Goal 2:</u> To increase community level partnerships to enhance local efforts to address social determinants of health that impact mental health.
- 2. Access to Healthcare
 - a. Goal 1: To implement strategies to support community efforts to improve access to primary care providers.
 - b. Goal 2: To increase partnerships with local community organizations with resources to offer community members assistance with gaining health insurance coverage.
- 3. Cardiovascular Disease
 - a. <u>Goal 1:</u> To increase access to health education, early intervention programs, and resources related to cardiovascular disease.
 - b. <u>Goal 2:</u> To decrease tobacco use in adults and youth community members.
- 4. Education (Social Determinant of Health)
 - a. <u>Goal 1:</u> To increase partnerships with local school based programs to better understand the problem of educational attainment as a social determinant of health.
 - b. <u>Goal 2:</u> To implement strategies to support community efforts to address the problem of educational attainment as a social determinant of health.

See Section 11-12 for an explanation of priority issues which were chosen as well as those not chosen.

Approvals

In October 24, 2019, the AdventHealth Wauchula Board approved the Community Health Needs Assessment findings, priority issues and final report. A link to the 2019 Community Health Needs Assessment was posted on the Hospital's website as well as <u>https://www.adventhealth.com/community-health-needs-assessments</u> prior to December 31, 2019.

Next Steps

The CHNAC will work with AdventHealth Wauchula to develop a measurable 2020-2022 Community Health Plan to address the priority issues. The plan will be completed and posted on the Hospital's website prior to May 15, 2020.

2. ABOUT: ADVENTHEALTH WAUCHULA

TRANSITION TO ADVENTHEALTH

In January of 2019, every wholly-owned entity across our organization adopted the AdventHealth system brand. Our identity has been unified to represent the full continuum of care our system offers. Throughout this report, we will refer to our facility by AdventHealth Wauchula. Any reference to our 2016 Community Health Needs Assessment in this document will utilize our new name for consistency.

AdventHealth Wauchula is part of AdventHealth. With a sacred mission of Extending the Healing Ministry of Christ, AdventHealth is a connected system of care for every stage of life and health. More than 80,000 skilled and compassionate caregivers in physician practices, hospitals, outpatient clinics, skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies and hospice centers provide individualized, wholistic care. A Christian mission, shared vision, common values and service standards focus on whole-person health, and commitment to making communities healthier.

About AdventHealth Wauchula

AdventHealth Wauchula is a 25-bed full-service hospital that was built in 1968. In 1994, the facility was acquired by AdventHealth and went on to build their current location in 2017. The Hospital contains the only ER in Hardee County and saw 15,206 ER visits in 2018. AdventHealth Wauchula offers many inpatient and outpatient services, including physical & occupational therapy, a transitional care unit which saw 562 patients in 2018, medical surgical swing unit, and the only mammography unit in Hardee County, the Linda Adler Mammography Center. In 2019, AdventHealth Wauchula opened a Wellness Center to better meet the health needs of Hardee County. The Hospital has been recognized as a Top Rural Hospital by The Leapfrog Group and best hospital for patient safety.

3. CHOOSING THE COMMUNITY

AdventHealth Wauchula defined its community as its Primary Service Area (PSA) from which 75-80% of its patients come. This includes Hardee County and the zip codes 33825 - Avon Park, 33852 - Lake Placid, 33870 – Sebring, 33872 – Sebring, 33873 – Wauchula, 33875 – Sebring.

4. COMMUNITY DESCRIPTION AND DEMOGRAPHICS

In order to understand our community and the challenges faced, AdventHealth Wauchula looked at both demographic information for the service area population, as well as available data on social determinants of health. According to the Center for Disease Control and Prevention, Social determinants of health include conditions in the places where people live, learn, work, and play which affect a wide range of health risks and outcomes. A snapshot of our community demographics and characteristics is included below. *Secondary report data and methodology can be found in Appendix B.*

A total of 90,145 people live in the 881 square mile report area defined for this assessment according to the U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey 2013-17 5-year estimates. The population density for this area, estimated at 102.26 persons per square mile, is greater than the national average population density of 90.88 persons per square mile.

Report Area	Total Population	Total Land Area (Square Miles)	Population Density (Per Square Mile)
AdventHealth Wauchula	90,145	881	102.26
Hardee County, FL	27,326	637.79	42.84
Highlands County, FL	100,177	1,016.59	98.54
Manatee County, FL	363,542	743.13	489.2
Polk County, FL	652,256	1,796.76	363.02
Florida	20,278,447	53,634.01	378.09
United States	321,004,407	3,532,315.66	90.88

The map below represents the service area where 75-80% of AdventHealth Wauchula's patients come from.



Population, Density (Persons per Sq Mile) by Tract, ACS 2013-17



COMMUNITY DEMOGRAPHICS





AGE	0-4	5-17	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
%	5.68%	14.99%	7.78%	10.6%	10.04%	10.95%	12.31%	27.66%

RACE	Caucasian	African- American		Native American /	Native Hawaiian	Other Race	Multiple Races
%	77.36%	11.96%	1.67%	0.26%	0.02%	6.61%	2.11%

ETHNICITY	Hispanic or	Non-Hispanic		
%	25.64%	74.36%		

Source: US Census Bureau, <u>Decennial Census</u>. 2000 - 2010.

AdventHealth Wauchula service areas averaged higher in percentages than the state of Florida averages in most of the following data indicators below, which indicates an area of highest need.

DATA INDICATOR	DESCRIPTION	ADVENTHEALTH WAUCHULA SERVICE AREA	FLORIDA AVERAGE
Poverty	% Population in Poverty (Below 100% FPL)	21%	15.46%
Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	7.5%	3.1%
Violent Crime	Violent Crime Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	303.7	444.7
Population with No High School Diploma	% Population Age 25+ with No High School Diploma	19.5%	12.42%
Insurance	Uninsured Adults-% Without Medical Insurance	23.93%	18.44%
Insurance	Uninsured Children-% Without Medical Insurance	7.87%	6.58%
Food Insecurity Rate	Food Insecurity Rate	15.5%	16.2%
Population with Low Food Access	% Population with Low Food Access	34.42%	25.7%
Use of Public Transportation	% Population Using Public Transit for Commute to Work (Age 16+)	2.81%	2%
Alcohol Consumption	Estimated Adults Drinking Excessively (Age-Adjusted Percentage)	15.6%	17.1%
Tobacco Usage	% Population Smoking Cigarettes (Age-Adjusted)	22.2%	18.9%

¹ US Census Bureau, <u>American Community Survey</u>. 2013-17. ² US Department of Labor, <u>Bureau of Labor Statistics</u>. 2019 - July. ³ Federal Bureau of Investigation, <u>FBI Uniform Crime Reports</u>. Additional analysis by the <u>National Archive of</u> <u>Criminal Justice Data</u>. Accessed via the <u>Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research</u>. 2019.⁴ US Census Bureau, <u>Small Area Health Insurance Estimates</u>. 2017. ⁵ <u>Feeding America</u>. 2017. ⁶ US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, <u>USDA - Food Access Research Atlas</u>. 2015. ⁷ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, <u>Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System</u>. Accessed via the <u>Health Indicators Warehouse</u>. US Department of Health & Human Services, <u>Health Indicators Warehouse</u>. 2006-12.

Income - Per Capita Income

The per capita income for the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area is \$20,739.00. This includes all reported income from wages and salaries as well as income from self-employment, interest or dividends, public assistance, retirement, and other sources. The per capita income in the Hospital's primary service area is the average (mean) income computed for every man, woman, and child in the specified area.

Report Area	Total Population	Total Income (\$)	Per Capita Income (\$)	
AdventHealth Wauchula	90,146	\$1,869,573,775.00	\$20,739.00	
Hardee County, FL	27,326	\$509,426,300.00	\$18,642.00	
Highlands County, FL	100,177	\$2,306,087,400.00	\$23,020.00	10000 5000
Manatee County, FL	363,542	\$11,079,523,100.00	\$30,476.00	(\$20,739.00)
Polk County, FL	652,256	\$14,727,282,200.00	\$22,578.00	 Florida (\$28,773.00) United (\$31,177.00)
Florida	20,278,447	\$583,486,218,200.00	\$28,773.00	
United States	321,004,407	\$10,008,063,515,700.00	\$31,177.00	

Note: This indicator is compared to the state average. Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2013-17. Source geography: Tract

Per Capita Income by Race Alone

Report Area	White	Black or African American	Native American / Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Some Other Race	Multiple Race
Hardee County, FL	\$20,582.00	\$9,147.00	\$27,197.00	\$15,810.00	\$0.00	\$10,117.00	\$9,467.00
Highlands County, FL	\$25,043.00	\$15,058.00	\$27,360.00	\$16,569.00	\$0.00	\$9,557.00	\$12,343.00
Manatee County, FL	\$32,456.00	\$16,625.00	\$32,985.00	\$29,954.00	\$13,045.00	\$16,033.00	\$15,593.00
Polk County, FL	\$24,514.00	\$14,937.00	\$28,937.00	\$23,695.00	\$51,501.00	\$13,624.00	\$10,654.00
Florida	\$31,765.00	\$17,901.00	\$31,415.00	\$22,993.00	\$23,509.00	\$18,653.00	\$17,231.00
United States	\$34,221.00	\$21,117.00	\$36,158.00	\$18,822.00	\$22,685.00	\$17,051.00	\$17,948.00

Households living with income below the Federal Poverty Level (FPL)

In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area, 35.78%% or 6,542 children aged 0-17 are living in households with income below the Federal Poverty Level (FPL), which is higher than the state percentage. This indicator is relevant because poverty creates barriers to access including health services, healthy food, and other necessities that contribute to poor health status.

Report Area	Total Population	Population Under Age 18	Population Under Age 18 in Poverty	Percent Population Under Age 18 in Poverty	Percent Population Und in Poverty
AdventHealth Wauchula	86,416	18,288	6,542	35.78%	0% AdventHealth (3
Hardee County, FL	25,481	7,207	2,810	38.99%	Florida (22.29%)
Highlands County, FL	98,712	17,295	5,455	31.54%	United States (20)
Manatee County, FL	359,300	68,171	15,565	22.83%	
Polk County, FL	638,716	144,967	39,203	27.04%	
Florida	19,858,469	4,044,879	901,772	22.29%	
United States	313,048,563	72,430,017	14,710,485	20.31%	

Note: This indicator is compared to the state average.

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2013-17. Source geography: Tract



5. COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE

A Community Health Needs Assessment Committee (CHNAC or the Committee) was formed to help AdventHealth Wauchula conduct a comprehensive assessment of the community. The Committee included representation from the Hospital, public health officials and the broad community as well as representation from low-income, minority and other underserved populations. The Committee met quarterly throughout 2018-2019. Current CHNAC members include:

COMMUNITY MEMBERS

Name	Title	Organization	Description of Services	Low-Income	Minority	Other Underserved Populations
Kelly Brooks	General Manager	MV Transportation	Transportation Disadvantaged Community Transportation Coordination for Highlands & Hardee Counties	×	×	×
Carly Carden	Marketing and Business Development Manager	Peace River Center	Domestic violence shelter, group home, psych. services, behavioral health services, rape recovery, substance abuse treatment			Х
Kristin Casey	Operations Manager	Florida Department of Health in Hardee County	Local health department, improves health status by preventing epidemics, protects against environmental hazards, encourages healthy behaviors, responds to disasters	X	X	Х
Charlene Edwards	Executive Director	Healthy Start Coalition of Hardee, Highlands and Polk Counties	Promotes and supports all healthy pregnancies, babies and families through	х	х	×

			community partnerships			
Ingra Gardner	Director	Nu-Hope Elder Care Services, Inc.	Non-profit, lead agency providing state and federal funded services to seniors			×
Ken Harley	Program Manager	Heartland Regional Transportation Planning Organization	Coordinates transportation plans for the 6 county Heartland Region			×
Amy Harper	Executive Director	Hardee Help Center	Offers financial assistance, food & non-food assistance, resource information, food pantry, financial and nutrition education, and case management	Х	X	Х
Maria Pearson	Director	Drug Free Hardee	Coalition for substance abuse education and reduction			×
Pricilla Preece	Executive Director	Samaritan's Touch Care Center	Provides free primary and specialized medical, dental and vision care to uninsured families with income at or below 200% of Federal Poverty Guidelines	Х		X
Marybeth Soderstrom	Engagement & Mobility Manager	Heartland Regional Transportation Planning Organization	Coordinates transportation plans for the 6 county Heartland Region	X		
Greg Hall	Director of Clinical Operations	Central Florida Health Care	FQHC, primary care medical home for insured, uninsured, underinsured, and migrants	x	x	x
Stefania Sweet	Community Health Educator	Florida Department of	improves health status by preventing epidemics, protects against	Х	Х	Х

		Health in Hardee County	environmental hazards, encourages healthy behaviors, responds to disasters			
Melissa Thibodeau	Executive Director	Heartland Rural Health Network	Health education for youth, ages 11-19, also integrates Community Health Workers into chronic disease management services	×	×	Х
Nancy Zachary	Director of Health	RCMA	Provides child care and child and parent education for migrant and other rural, poor families	×	х	

AdventHealth Wauchula Members

The following AdventHealth Wauchula Team members provided leadership throughout the process:

- Terri Bryant, Administrative Director, Transitional Services; Case Management
- **Denise Grimsley**, VP & Administrator-Wauchula
- Melissa Helms, CREATION Life Nurse; Community Health Education
- Randy Surber, President/CEO
- Linda Lynch, Director of Pastoral Care; Chaplaincy
- **Rebecca McIntyre**, Home Health/Wellness Director; Home Health & Wellness Centers
- Rosalie Oliver, CFO
- Sara Rosenbaum, CREATION Life Community Specialist, Community Health Education
- Kimberly Williams, Director of Community Benefit; West Florida Region, Community Benefit Support
- Amber Windsor-Hardy, Community Health Coordinator/Community Benefits; West Florida Region, Community Benefit Support

6. PUBLIC HEALTH

AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid, share the same defined community and therefore conducted the CHNA process together. Public health was represented throughout the Community Health Needs Assessment.

Highlands County Public Health

Living Well in Highlands County is a collaboration between the Florida Department of Health in Highlands County and local community partners/organizations interested in identifying the health needs of the community. AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid are an active part of Living Well in Highlands County. The Administrator and Community Programs Manager lent their expertise to assist in developing key strategies to deploy the Community Health Needs Assessment Survey and participated in the priority selection and asset inventory process. The mission of Living Well in Highland County is to identify and address health issues important to Highlands County residents through planning and community partnerships by engaging the community today for a healthier tomorrow. <u>http://highlands.floridahealth.gov/</u>.

The following <u>Highlands County</u> employees provided public health leadership throughout the process:

- Mary Kay Burns, RN, BSN, MBA, Administrator, Florida Department of Health in Highlands County
- Amanda L. Tyner, MPH Community Programs Administrator, Florida Department of Health in Highlands County

Hardee County Public Health

The Hardee County Health Care Task Force is a collaboration between the Florida Department of Health in Hardee County and local community partners/organizations interested in identifying the health needs of the community. AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid are an active part of the Hardee County Health Care Task Force. The expertise of their Operations Manager and Community Health Educator, assisted in the CHNA process through their participation in the priority selection and asset inventory process.

Hardee County public health representatives from the Florida Department of Health in Hardee County and the Hardee County Health Care Task Force actively participated in the Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) process with AdventHealth Wauchula.

The Hardee County Health Care Task Force (HCTF) is comprised of a diverse group of public, private, non-profit, social services, and government entities that make up the public health system in Hardee County. The HCTF (<u>http://hardee.floridahealth.gov/index.html</u>) works together to produce a Community Health Assessment (CHA for Hardee County) to provide a snapshot in time of the community strengths, needs, and priorities. The Hardee County CHA is separate from the AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid CHNA.

The following <u>Hardee County</u> employees provided leadership throughout the process:

- Kristin Casey, Operations Manager, Florida Department of Health in Hardee County
- Stefania Sweet, MPH Community Health Educator, Florida Department of Health in Hardee County

7. PRIMARY AND SECONDARY DATA SOURCES

Primary Data

- a. Florida Department of Health in Highlands County worked together to design the 2019 Community Health Needs Survey and launched a county-wide effort to engage the community to participate in the survey. The survey asked questions which aimed to better understand feedback from community members related to barriers to accessing care (including dental care, mental health care), challenges to accessing care for children's health (including care for special needs children), health behaviors, and other social determinants of health. The Florida Department of Health in Hardee County shared results from primary data collected from community surveys with the Community Health Needs Assessment Committee (CHNA).
- b. Community surveys were completed on-line and in person by participants in community settings. Local community organizations played a major role in engaging community members to participate in the survey. The on-line survey link was made accessible in a variety of ways to assure barriers to participating were addressed. For example, local community centers encouraged participating by providing access to a computer and/or iPad at community events for community members to access the on-line survey. In addition, paper copies of the survey were also provided to community partners interested in providing the survey to clients on site. Community surveys were also made available at local clinics, community events, department of motor vehicle locations, and other community locations throughout Hillsborough County.
- c. Stakeholder interviews/surveys were conducted by sending out a link to members of our Community Health Needs Assessment Committee CHNAC and completed on-line. As needed, reminders were sent out to CHNAC members to complete the on-line questionnaire.

Secondary Data: Hospital Utilization Data

Top 10 inpatient and Emergency Department diagnoses by payer Hospital utilization data was provided by our AdventHealth Wauchula finance department. Diagnoses were placed into general category descriptions and organized in Appendix C: Hospital Utilization & Emergency Room Data.

CHNAC members reviewed Hospital utilization data along with primary and secondary data, as well as the priority areas of focus determined by the Florida Department of Health in Hardee County and the Florida Department of Health in Highlands County to identify potential trends in the health of the community members residing in the Hospital's primary service areas.

Secondary Data: The Engagement Network

Our secondary data was sourced from the Engagement Network. This is a national platform produced by the Center for Applied Research and Engagement Systems (CARES) at the University of Missouri. The Engagement Network hosts a national Map Room with 15,000+ data layers, a Community Health Needs Assessment reporting tool with 80+ health-related indicators, and a hub network with 30+ partner organizations using CARES technology.

DATA SOURCES:

- a. US Census Bureau, Decennial Census, 2000 2010
- b. US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2013-17
- c. Feeding America, 2014
- d. US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2016
- e. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, 2006-12
- f. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, 2006-12
- g. US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2018 August
- h. Federal Bureau of Investigation, FBI Uniform Crime Reports, 2012-14
- i. US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA Food Access Research Atlas, 2015
- j. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Area Health Resource File, 2015
- k. Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy & Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, 2015
- I. US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Health Resources and Services Administration, April 2016
- m. US Department of Health & Human Services, Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Provider of Services File, March 2018
- n. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2011-12
- o. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Wide-Ranging Online Data for Epidemiologic Research, 2007-10
- p. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2015
- q. State Cancer Profiles, 2011-15
- r. State Cancer Profiles, 2009-13
- s. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 2015
- t. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, US Department of Health & Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse, 2006-12
- u. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System, 2012-16
- v. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2006-10

8. COMMUNITY COLLABORATION

The AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid Community Health Needs Assessment is the product of a cross county-wide collaborative process with the Florida Department of Health in Highlands County and the Florida Department of Health in Hardee County.

Living Well in Highlands County is a collaboration between the Florida Department of Health in Highlands County and local community partners/organizations interested in identifying the health needs of the community. AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid are an active part of Living Well in Highlands County.

The Hardee County Health Care Task Force is a collaboration between the Florida Department of Health in Hardee County and local community partners/organizations interested in identifying the health needs of the community. AdventHealth Wauchula, AdventHealth Sebring, and AdventHealth Lake Placid are an active part of the Hardee County Health Care Task Force.

Collaborators

- Living Well in Highlands County Collaboration collectively worked together with the CHNAC to provide resources and strategies to complete a county-wide Community Health Needs Assessment.
- **The Hardee County Health Care Task Force** collectively worked together with the CHNAC to provide resources to complete a county-wide Community Health Needs Assessment.

9. DATA SUMMARY

Primary and Secondary Data: High Level Findings

Primary and secondary data was collected, analyzed, and shared with the Community Health Needs Assessment Committee (CHNAC) it was categorized into top 8-10 priorities per source of data. These results are listed by source in the tables below.

Primary and secondary data was presented to the CHNAC. Each Committee member received copies of the reports. AdventHealth Wauchula financial department provided admission data for inpatient and the Emergency Department including diagnosis, payer source and zip codes for 2019.

1. Florida Department of Health in Hardee County Community Health Needs Assessment Prioritization – Top 10 Access to Care (limited E Heart Disease

1	healthcare providers)	5	Heart Disease	9	Health Literacy
2	Cancer	6	Diabetes	10	Drug and Alcohol
3	Mental Healthcare	7	Education (graduation rates, higher education rates)		
4	Overweight and Obesity	8	Nutrition Education (all ages)		

2. T	2. Top 6 Concerns determined from Community Surveys (Hardee County Community Health Survey 2017)				
1	Community commitment to education (high drop-out rates, continuing education including vocational)	5	Drug and alcohol abuse		
2	Chronic Disease (overweight and obesity, nutrition education for all ages, diabetes)	6	Teen pregnancy		
3	Access to affordable healthcare (limited healthcare providers)	7			
4	Health literacy	8			

	3. Top 10 Priorities for AdventHealth Wauchula's Primary Service Area determined from Secondary Data provided by The Engagement Network/ Secondary Needs Assessment Tool					
1	24% population has no medical insurance	5	Lack of specialized physicians/dentists (Poor Dental Health)	9	21% population in Poverty	
2	25% of population (age- adjusted) – w/o adequate social/emotional support	6	Adults with high cholesterol 49%	10	Adults obese/overweight (33.6%/32.4%)	
3	Adults with heart disease (almost 2x state rate)	7	Lack of leisure time physical activity			
4	34% population with low food access	8	22.2% population smoking cigarettes (age-adjusted) (Tobacco Use)			

4. Top 10 health priorities determined by Secondary Data collected from the most recent local <u>Health</u> <u>Department</u> needs assessment

	partment needs assessment				
1	Mental Health and Substance Abuse	5	Chronic Disease education	9	Heart disease/stroke
2	Education Attainment	6	Access to health care	10	E-cigarette use
3	Overweight and Obesity	7	Access to healthy food source		
4	Teen Pregnancy	8	Drug abuse		

	op 6 health priorities determine Health Equity profile – CHART		Secondary Data from other local sources	i (DOI	H County Health Status
1	Child food insecurity rate of 25%	5	Stroke hospitalization rates rising	9	
2	Households recognized case public assistance or food stamps 25%	6	Congestive Heart Failure hospitalization rates rising	10	
3	15% of population without health insurance	7			
4	25% adults sedentary	8			

Primary and Secondary Data: Aggregate Community Health Needs

At a subsequent CHNAC meeting, the results of Highlands County's top health needs were reviewed. The CHNAC was then provided with the top seven health priorities specific to AdventHealth Wauchula's primary service area. The CHNAC discussed in an open forum as they compared the overarching top health needs of the County with the top seven health needs specific to the communities nearest the Hospital (our primary service areas).

After discussions concluded about the similarities and differences of the health needs data, as well as other experiences with providing care and services to address these identified health needs, CHNAC members were then asked to select their top five issues by voting anonymously (list were provided) and the results were then shared with the larger group. CHNAC members agreed on their top five priorities and the potential for pulling together community resources and partnerships to develop specific, measurable, attainable, relevant, and time-based goals to develop a collaborative community health plan.

Тор	7 Priorities			
	Priority Issue	Ethnic Group	Age Group	Specific Geographic Area
1	Mental Health	Underserved, low – income populations	Adults age 18 and older	33825, 33870, 33872, 33852
2	Access to Healthcare	Underserved, low – income, populations	Adults age 18 and older	33825, 33870, 33872, 33852
3	Cardiovascular Disease	Underserved populations, community	Adults age 18 and older	33825, 33870, 33872, 33852
4	Education	Underserved, minority, low- income populations, community focus.	Adults age 25 and older	33825, 33870, 33872, 33852
5	Poor Dental Health	Underserved, minority, low- income populations, community focus.	Adults age 18 and older and children	33825, 33870, 33872, 33852
6	Tobacco Use	Underserved, minority, low- income populations, community focus.	Adults age 18 and older	33825, 33870, 33872, 33852
7	Obesity/Overweight/Obese	Underserved, minority, low- income populations, community focus.	Adults age 18 and older	33825, 33870, 33872, 33852

10. COMMUNITY ASSET INVENTORY

In order to help AdventHealth Wauchula's CHNAC determine the community health priorities where they could make a meaningful difference, the Hospital conducted a Community Asset Inventory related to the top 7 identified community health needs. The inventory was designed to help the CHNAC narrow the 7 needs to the four priority issues.

Top Issues Defined by Primary/Secondary Data	Current Community Programs	Current Hospital Programs
Vental Health	Champion for Children Advocacy Center,	Depression Support Group, Grief
	Drug Free Zone (schools), Red Ribbon	Support Group
	Week, Acting Out (youth sharing),	
	Youth/Adult Mental Health 1st Aid	
	program (partner with Heartland for	
	Children), Health Start Edinburgh	
	screening, Mental Health First Aid, Adult	
	Day Care, Crisis Stabilization Unit,	
	Domestic Violence Safe House and DV	
	Program, Outpatient Counseling and	
	Psychiatry, Rape Recovery Program,	
	Substance Use Treatment, Wellness	
	Clinic Services, Children's Services-	
	Resiliency Team, Home to Stay,	
	Behavioral Health Services, Community	
	Action Team, Housing services- group	
	homes, Peace River Apartments,	
	Mobile Crisis Response Team and Crisis	
	Hotline, Recovery Services- Adult Case	
	Management, Supported Employment,	
	Supportive Housing and Psychosocial	
	Rehabilitation Program services, School	
	based mental/behavioral health services,	
	Telehealth for Substance Abuse	
	Counseling, Short Term Residential	
	Treatment Center, Strengthening	
	Families program, Farfrom PSAs	
Access to Healthcare	Aunt Bertha (Heartland.AuntBertha.com)	CREATION 360 – provides after-care
access to meditincare	Transportation (provided through	navigation and Small fund for ER/ IP
	Community Transportation Coordinator)	patients discharged to home without
	Wellness Clinic Services (primary care)	transportation access
	"Connect" program	
	Community Health Workers	
	Enabling Services (bilingual)	
	Mental health care for indigent	
	transportation disadvantaged program -	
	non-emergency door to door rides,	
	Chronic Disease Care Clinics, Federally	

	Qualified Healthcare Centers,	
	Community Transportation group	
Cardiovascular Disease	Morning Mile Program, Community	Community Garden,
(Obesity/Overweight)	gardens, Food distribution sites,	Food is Health, CHIP,
(Obesity/Overweight)		Pre-Diabetes education/Diabetes
	Nutrition (healthy eating) and diabetes	
	education classes, Home Delivered	education, Free Community Health
	Meals/ nutrition education/ nutrition	Lectures, Cardiac Nutrition class,
	counseling, Congregate Meal	Tobacco Cessation class, Eating Healthy
	Primary Care for those without insurance	on a Budget class, Healthy Eats class,
	at or below 200% FPG, Food Pantry,	Cardiac Support Group, Stroke Support
	Diabetes Education, Chronic Disease	Group, Diabetes Support Group, Walking
	Care Clinics, Nutritional Counseling	paths
Education	Enabling Services (bilingual), School	Wellness Center,
	health (public schools), "Farfrom"	CREATION Life Ministry
	programs - prevention education	
	programs, Back Chat "town hall", Aunt	
	Bertha, Family Fundamentals, a Success	
	By 6 parent resource center, Education	
	on sexual health In-school/After-school	
	(iMAD program), Workshop on Social	
	Emotional Learning, Founders Day and	
	Health Fair, RCMA Head Start (3-5	
	years), Early Head Start (6 weeks - 3	
	years), Migrant Head Start (6 weeks - 5	
	years), VPK, Parenting education for	
	enrolled families, Panther Youth Partners	
	Program	
Tobacco Use	AHEC Tobacco Cessation Classes,	Tobacco Cessation class (in partnership
	Florida Department of Health SWAT	with AHEC)
	Program, Behavioral Health Services	
Poor Dental Health	Congregate Meal	No dental services provided
	Primary Care for those without insurance	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	at or below 200% FPG	
Obesity/Overweight/Obese	Morning Mile Program, Community	Community Garden,
	gardens, Food distribution sites,	Food is Health, CHIP,
	Nutrition (healthy eating) and diabetes	Pre-Diabetes education/Diabetes
	education classes, Home Delivered	education, Free Community Health
	Meals/ nutrition education/ nutrition	Lectures, Cardiac Nutrition class,
	counseling,	Tobacco Cessation class, Eating Healthy
		on a Budget class, Healthy Eats class
	<u> </u>	on a budget cluss, rieuliny Luis cluss

11. PRIORITY SELECTION

Priority Selection using the RATING & PRIORITIZING KEY HEALTH ISSUES WORKSHEET

The top 7 issues identified from the CHNAC data review of household data, key informant survey responses, and the top inpatient and ED admissions data were reviewed and discussed again alongside the asset inventory to identify the top priorities.

Below is the worksheet utilizing the following criteria for each issue and was incorporated into a discussion format to guide CHNAC rating to select the 5 areas of priority.

- 1. <u>Relevance</u>: How important is this issue?
- 2. Impact: What will we achieve by addressing this issue?
- 3. Feasibility: Can we adequately address this issue?

Step 1: List Key Issues

Step 2: Rate Against Selection Criteria (1= lowest priority; 2= medium; 3= high; 4=highest) Step 3: Total Rating/Voting

RATING & PR		٩LT	H ISSUES				
Step 1:	Step 2: Rate Against Selection Criteria (1= lowest priority; 2= medium; 3= high; 4=highest)						
List Key Issues	RELEVANT How important is the issue?	IMPACTFUL What will we achieve by addressing this issue?		FEASIBLE Can we adequately address this issue?		Rating	
	• Size of problem (ex. % population)		 Availability of solutions/proven strategies 		• Availability of resources (staff, community partners, time, money) to address		
	• Severity of problem (e Cost to treat, lives lost)	ex.	Builds on or enhances current work	6	Political capacity/will		
	• Urgency to solve problem; community concern • Linked to other • Significant • Consequences of not addressing issue now • A		Community/social acceptability				
				• Appropriate socio- culturally			
					• Can identify easy, short- term wins		
Mental Health	12	+	10	+	15	=	37
Heart Disease	15	+	11	+	19	=	45
Education	10	+	9	+	12	=	31
Access to Care	18	+	17	+	10	=	45
Poor Dental Health	17	+	10	+	8	=	35
Tobacco Use	12	+	9	+	9	=	30
Obesity/Overw eight/Obese	15	+	10	+	10	=	35

RATIONALE FOR PRIORITY ISSUES THE HOSPITAL WILL ADDRESS

Relevance	Impact	Feasibility
1. Mental Health		
In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service areas (PSA), the rate of death due to self – harm (suicide) is 19 (per 100,000 population), which is higher than the state rate of 14 (per 100,000 population). Furthermore, 25% (16,345 persons) of the adults in the PSA population self-report that they receive insufficient social and emotional support all or most of the time, which is higher than the state rate (21%). 17% (15,062 persons) of the Medicare-fee-for-service PSA population are depressed.	Mental Health First Aid, Support groups, Severe emotional, behavioral, and physical health problem of our community member, decreased enjoyment of life	The community has a strong networ of existing mental health/behavioral health resource available. Peace River Center, Telehealth for Substance Abuse Counseling, Short Term Residential Treatment Center
2. Heart Disease		
In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area (PSA), 9% (7,614 persons) of adults aged 18 and older have coronary heart disease or angina (heart related chest – pain). Additionally, the rate of death due to heart disease per 100,000 population is 155 (268 average annual deaths from 2012 – 2016), which is higher than the state rate of 150 and 22% (13,201 persons) of the PSA population smoke cigarettes (higher than the state rate of 19%).	Nutrition (healthy eating) and diabetes education classes, Home Delivered Meals/ nutrition education/ nutrition counseling Increased poor health, Increase in ED visits, increased mortality from heart disease	Food is Health, CHIP, Free Community Health Lectures American Diabetes Association,
3. Education (Social Determinant of Healt	h)	1
In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area, 20% (12,547 persons) of the population aged 25 and older do not have a high school diploma (or equivalency) or higher and is higher than the state average of 12%. Educational attainment is a social determinant of health and is linked to health outcomes.	Food is Health Program, GED program support for helping educational attainment, Poor health outcomes from a lack of understanding health overall, lack of resources to find employment, low health literacy and other Social Determinants of Health.	Pre-Diabetes education/Diabetes education, AdventHealth Sebring Wellness Center, CREATION Life Ministry
4. Access to Healthcare	1	1
In the AdventHealth Wauchula PSA, 24% of adults and 8% of children are uninsured or without medical insurance (both percentages are higher than the state averages). Additionally, 27% of adults do not have a regular doctor which is higher than the state average of 24.8%.	Invite transportation organizations to sit on the CHNAC and discover ways to work together. Difficulty accessing health care – doctor appointments, routine checkups, health education. Leads to overall poor health.	Transportation Access Community Transportation group

RATIONALE FOR PRIORITY ISSUES THE HOSPITAL WILL NOT ADDRESS

Relevance	Impact	Feasibility
1. Poor Dental Health		
The rate of qualified dentist in the primary service area is lower than the state rate. This has a negative effect on access to dental care. In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area, the access to qualified dentists at a rate (per 100,000 pop.) is 36 (in 2015 year), as compared to the state rate of 56.	Florida Department of Health in Highlands County, Federally Qualified Health Centers Many oral diseases can be prevented with routine care and regular dental checkups.	Lack of enough qualified dentist in PSA. Florida Department of Health, local colleges, American Dental Association, Dental hygienists' programs, Partner to bring incentive programs to attract qualified dentist to the PSA.
2. Tobacco Use		
In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area, an estimated 13,201 of adults age 18 or older self-report currently smoking cigarettes some days or every day. In the hospital PSA, 22% of adults are currently smoking cigarettes, which is higher than the state percentage of 19%.	AHEC, Florida Department of Health, Increase in cardiovascular disease, cancer incidence/mortality, and poor quality of health in community members	Tobacco Cessation Classes, Health Education Drug Free Highlands, AHEC, Florida Department of Health
3. Obesity/Overweight	·	·
In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area, approximately 33% of adults aged 20 and older (21,963 persons) self-report that they have a Body Mass Index (BMI) greater than 30.0 (obese) in the report area. The state percentage is 27%. Excess weight may indicate an unhealthy lifestyle and puts individuals at risk for further health issues	Food distribution sites, Home Delivered Meals/ nutrition education/ nutrition counseling, Congregate Meal Primary Care for those without insurance at or below 200% FPG, Food Pantry	Nutrition (healthy eating) and diabetes education classes, Food is Health, CREATION Health, AdventHealth Sebring Wellness Center, CREATION Life Ministry

12. PRIORITY ISSUES TO BE ADDRESSED

The following 4 issues <u>WILL</u> be addressed for the following reasons below:

- a. Magnitude and severity of the problem.
- b. Community's capacity and willingness to act on the issue.
- c. Ability to have a measurable impact on the issue.
- d. Availability of Hospital and community resources.
- e. Hospital's ability to contribute finances and resources to address the health concern.

Priority #1: Mental Health

Description of the problem: The burden of mental illness in the United States is among the highest of all diseases, and mental disorders are among the most common causes of disability for adults, children, and adolescents. When mental health disorders are untreated, those affected are at high risk for many unhealthy and unsafe behaviors, including alcohol or drug abuse, violent or self-destructive behavior, and suicide. Mental health disorders are the 11th leading cause of death in the United States for all age groups and the second leading cause of death among people age 25 to 34. In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service areas (PSA), the rate of death due to self – harm (suicide) is 19 (per 100,000 population), which is higher than the state rate of 14 (per 100,000 population). Furthermore, 25% (16,345 persons) of the adults in the PSA population self-report that they receive insufficient social and emotional support all or most of the time, which is higher than the state rate (21%). This indicator is relevant because social and emotional support is critical for navigating the challenges of daily life as well as for good mental health. 17% (15,062 persons) of the Medicare-fee-for-service PSA population are depressed.

Priority #2: Heart Disease

Description of the problem: Coronary heart disease is a leading cause of death in the U.S. and is also related to high blood pressure, high cholesterol, and heart attacks. In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area (PSA), 9% (7,614 persons) of adults aged 18 and older have coronary heart disease or angina (heart related chest – pain). Additionally, the rate of death due to heart disease per 100,000 population is 155 (268 average annual deaths from 2012 – 2016), which is higher than the state rate of 150 and 22% (13,201 persons) of the PSA population smoke cigarettes (higher than the state rate of 19%). Tobacco use is also linked to cardiovascular disease.

Priority #3: Education (Social Determinant of Health)

Description of the problem: In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area, 20% (12,547 persons) of the population aged 25 and older <u>do not</u> have a high school diploma (or equivalency) or higher and is higher than the state average of 12%. Educational attainment is a social determinant of health and is linked to health outcomes. Additionally, improving health literacy may be a useful strategy for reducing disparities in health related to education.

Priority #4: Access to Healthcare

Description of the problem: Access to health care is the equitable use of health services to achieve the highest level of health. Barriers to accessing healthcare services include cost of care, insurance coverage, availability of services, and culturally competent care. Failure to overcome these barriers leads to delayed care, health complications, and financial burdens. Accessing healthcare services is vital to prevent and treat diseases thereby reducing the likelihood of disability and premature death.

In the AdventHealth Wauchula PSA, 24% of adults and 8% of children are uninsured or without medical insurance (both percentages are higher than the state averages). Additionally, 27% of adults do not have a regular doctor which is higher than the state average of 24.8%.

13. PRIORITY ISSUES THAT <u>WILL NOT</u> BE ADDRESSED

The following 3 issues **WILL NOT** be addressed for the following reasons below:

Potential challenges or barriers to addressing the need exist such as:

(1) The issue should not be addressed as an <u>individual problem</u> but will be indirectly impacted positively by first addressing multiple issues selected priority areas above by the Hospital CHNAC.

(2) The CHNAC did not perceive the ability to have a measurable impact on the issue within the three years allotted for the Community Health Plan with the current resources available to the community and the Hospital at this time.

Priority #1: Poor Dental Health

Description of the Problem: Many oral diseases can be prevented with routine care and regular dental checkups. The health of the teeth, the mouth, and the surrounding craniofacial (skull and face) structures is central to a person's overall health and well-being. Lack of access to dental care for all ages remains a public health challenge. In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area, the access to qualified dentists at a rate (per 100,000 pop.) is 36 (in 2015 year), as compared to the state rate of 56. **Reason(s) priority was not selected:** The CHNAC did not perceive the ability to have a measurable impact on the issue within the three years allotted for the Community Health Plan with the current resources available to the community and the Hospital at this time.

Priority #2: Tobacco Use

Description of problem: In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area, an estimated 13,201 of adults age 18 or older self-report currently smoking cigarettes some days or every day. This indicator is relevant because tobacco use is linked to leading causes of death such as cancer and

cardiovascular disease. In the hospital PSA, 22% of adults are currently smoking cigarettes, which is higher than the state percentage of 19%.

Reason(s) priority area was not selected: The CHNAC felt the issue should not be addressed as an individual problem. Therefore, interventions to address tobacco use will be wrapped into the priority area of heart disease.

Priority #3: Obesity/Overweight/Obese

Description of the Problem: In the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service area, approximately 33% of adults aged 20 and older (21,963 persons) self-report that they have a Body Mass Index (BMI) greater than 30.0 (obese) in the report area. The state percentage is 27%. Excess weight may indicate an unhealthy lifestyle and puts individuals at risk for further health issues.

Reason(s) priority area was not selected: The CHNAC felt the issue should not be addressed as an individual problem. Therefore, interventions to address Obesity/Overweight/Obese will be wrapped into the education priority area. The Community Health Needs Assessment Committee (CHNAC) will approach this area of need more comprehensively, as other barriers contribute to negative health outcomes in this area of priority.

14. NEXT STEPS

The CHNAC will work with AdventHealth Wauchula and other community partners to develop a measurable Community Health Plan for 2020-2022 to address the priority issues. For each priority, specific goals will be developed including measurable outcomes, intervention strategies and the resources necessary for successful implementation.

Evidence based strategies will be reviewed to determine the most impactful and effective interventions. For each goal, a review of policies that can support or deter progress will be completed with consideration of opportunities to make an impact. The plan will be reviewed quarterly with an annual assessment of progress. A presentation of progress on the plan will also be presented to the Hospital board annually.

A link to the Community Health Plan will be posted on AdventHealth.com prior to May 15, 2020.

15. WRITTEN COMMENTS REGARDING 2016 NEEDS ASSESSMENT

We posted a link to the most recently conducted CHNA and most recently adopted implementation strategy 2016 on our hospital website as well as AdventHealth.com prior to May 15, 2017 and have not received any written comments.

16. REVIEW OF STRATEGIES UNDERTAKEN IN THE 2017 COMMUNITY HEALTH PLAN

AdventHealth Wauchula conducts an annual evaluation of the progress made from the implementation strategies from the Community Health Plan. The evaluation is reported to the IRS in Form 990. The following is a summary of progress made on our most recently adopted plan.

Priority #1: Diabetes

<u>2016 Description of the Issue:</u> 12.3% of primary service area (PSA) adults, aged 20 and older, have been diagnosed with diabetes. This is higher than the state of Florida average of 8.89%. The Health Department is no longer providing Diabetes Self-Management classes. Pre-Diabetes education is also lacking in Hardee County.

<u>2019 Update</u>: Free, 3-hour Pre-diabetes classes were provided in the community and in the Hospital.

- Classes are open to the public and offered at the Hospital's Diabetes Center.
- A total of 2 classes were held, with 13 attendees total. Classes were advertised in a new Hospital publication that lists all the classes and fitness group exercise offered at the local AdventHealth Wellness Centers and distributed to local physician offices. As of May 2019, classes are listed on the websites for our hospitals. Diabetes Center instructors also visited physician offices to speak with local health care providers about the program.

Priority #2: Obesity (Nutrition)

<u>2016 Description of the Issue</u>: 34.6% of adults aged 18 and older self-report they have a body mass Index between 25.0 and 30.0 (overweight). In the PSA, 33.4% of adults aged 20 and older self-reported no leisure time for activity.

<u>2019 Update</u>: Implemented the Food is Medicine (FIM) program. FIH is a free program for community members who don't have the means or transportation to add fresh vegetables and fruits into their diet. FIH reached into communities to make connections to improve overall health and wellness of adults living in food deserts or low – income/low access areas.

- The Hospital partnered with Central Florida Health Care, Florida Department of Health (Hardee County), Senior Connection Center, University of Florida IFAS, and Health Services Advisory Group to implement the Food is Health program. Participants at each session received nutrition education and a ten-dollar voucher to redeem at the Hospital's Food is Medicine food truck, filled with fresh fruits and vegetables.
- Blood sugar levels were measured for each participant before and after each educational series and 66% of participants had reduced blood sugar levels following completion of the Food is Health program.

Priority #3: Access to Primary Care

2016 Description of the Issue: 38.86% of adults aged 19 and older are uninsured while the state rate is 28.78%. The uninsured rate for children 18 and younger is 14.43% compared to the state average of 11.86%. 26.9% of adults self-report that they do not have a source for primary care. The rate of dentists per 100,000 population is only 29.1. Hardee County is a socio-economically disadvantaged, rural, agricultural county officially designated as a Health Professional Shortage area by the US Department of Health and Human Services. Health Professional Shortage Areas have shortages of primary medical care, dental or mental health providers. Hardee County has shortages in all three areas.

<u>2019 Update</u>: Strategies for this priority includes increasing community awareness of availability of local health care services for the un/under-insured by continuing the CREATION Health Ministry Outreach program, providing monetary support by offering discounted home-supply prescriptions for low-income patients discharged from hospital care, supporting the Samaritan's Touch free clinic and providing the clinic with in-kind lab and imaging services for Samaritan's Touch patients.

• The outcomes for this goal were met and exceeded expectations. A total of 65 CREATION Health volunteers participated in outreach activities, exceeding the goal of 45 volunteers. A total of \$7,133 were

applied to cover costs of home supply prescriptions for low income patients discharged from hospital care, exceeding the expected dollar amounts of \$1,250. In addition, both donated monetary amounts for support of Samaritan's Touch (expected: \$43,750 actual: \$87,500) and in-kind donations of lab and imaging services to Samaritan's Touch patients (expected: \$250,000 actual: \$618,676), exceeded expected dollar amounts.

• Samaritan's Touch is a free health care clinic for our uninsured population, serving Highlands and Hardee counties. Half of cost is shared with AdventHealth Sebring and AdventHealth Lake Placid

Priority #4: Heart Disease & Stroke (High Blood Pressure & Cholesterol)

<u>2016 Description of the Issue</u>: Higher than state average rate of high blood pressure (HBP), at 29.6% of the population, residents have been diagnosed with HPB. 56.01% of adults have high cholesterol. 10.9% of adults in the PSA have been diagnosed with Coronary Artery Disease.

<u>2019 Update</u>: Free Chronic Disease Self-Management Program (CDSMP) 6-week class series. CDSMP is an evidence-based Stanford Chronic Disease Self- Management Program (CDSMP) 6-week class series, to educate participants regarding chronic disease self-management.

• Transitional Care Specialists connect patients to the CDSMP class series through its new Care 360 program.

Priority #5: Teen Pregnancy Prevention

<u>2016 Description of the Issue</u>: The teen birth rate is 88.4 per 1000 population compared with the state rate of 36.1 and the country's rate of 36.6. Previous grant funding for public school pregnancy prevention programs has ceased.

<u>2019 Update</u>: The intervention chosen was to send a representative from the Hospital to attend the local Teen Pregnancy Prevention Association meetings to develop new partnerships to identify ways to address teen pregnancy prevention in Hardee County.

• The Hospital has a designated representative to attend the local Teen Pregnancy Prevention Association meetings.

APPENDIX A: PRIMARY DATA SURVEY & PRIMARY DATA RESULTS

2019 Community Health Needs Survey Results

2019 Health Survey Advent Health				
These first few questions tell us about you. They will be used only to help us better understand the people who live in your community so that we can provide better health care services. This information will not be used to identify you.				
DEMOGRAPHICS				
I. In which city do you live? (Please choose only one) Avon Park Lake Placid Sebring Other:				
2. What is your zip code? (Please write in):				
3. What is your age? (Please choose only one) 18 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 44 45 to 54 55 to 64 65 to 74 75 or older				
 Are you of Hispanic or Latino origin or descent? (Please choose only one) Yes, Hispanic or Latino No, not Hispanic or Latino Prefer not to answer 				
5. Which race best describes you? (Please choose only one) American Indian or Alaska Native Asian Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander White Prefer Not to Answer Other:				
bo you identify your gender as? Female				
 7. Which of the following best describes your sexual orientation? (Please choose only one) Bisexual Gay or Lesbian Heterosexual (Straight) Other: 				
 8. What language do you MAINLY speak at home? (Please choose only one) Arabic Chinese English French German Haitian Creole Russian Spanish Tagalog Vietnamese Other: 				
9. How well do you speak English? (Please choose only one) Very well Well Not Well				
10. What is the highest level of school that you have completed? (Please choose only one) Less than high school 2 - Year College Degree Some high school, no diploma 4 - Year College Degree High school diploma (GED) Graduate – Level Degree or Higher Some college, no degree None of the above				

COMMUNITY HEALTH SURVEY RESULTS CONTINUED

Community surveys were completed in collaboration with the Living Well in Highlands County Collaboration and include community participation from the AdventHealth Wauchula primary service areas. Surveys were administered in paper format as well as completed online. Surveys were offered in both English and Spanish languages. Florida Department of Health in Hardee County provided community survey results from a recent CHNA survey administered to the community.

The aggregate results are shown below.

Survey Results – Respondent Demographics

A combined total of 578 residents from AdventHealth Sebring, AdventHealth Lake Placid, and AdventHealth Wauchula primary service areas participated in the collaborative Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) survey. Roughly 80% of community residents who participated in the survey were female and approximately 20% were male.

578 Total Respondents from Highlands & Hardee County



- 79.06% Female
- 83.70% White
- 9.17% Hispanic or Latino
- 6.23% African American

Below, graph 1. shows the age ranges of survey participants. Nearly half of the respondents were between the ages of 45 to 64 years of age.



COMMUNITY HEALTH SURVEY RESULTS CONTINUED

SURVEY DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The tables below provide additional demographics and survey results about survey participants in the CHNA survey in Highlands County, Florida. CHNA survey results were useful in helping the collaborative partnership better understand our communities and identify priority areas of need to address in our Community Health Plans.

HEALTH INSURANCE STATUS

How do you pay for most of your health care?		
I pay cash / I don't have insurance	5.19%	
TRICARE/Veteran's Administration	2.42%	
Medicaid PPO	3.28%	
Medicare HMO	18.17%	
Medicare PPO	0.865%	
Commercial Health Insurance (HMO, PPO)	64.88%	
Some other way	5.19%	

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Employed, working full-time	67.5%
Student	0.87%
Employed, working part-time	5.02%
Retired	22.0%
Not employed, looking for work	1.00%
Disabled, not able to work	1.35%
Not employed, NOT looking for work	1.56%

SURVEY DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Primary Service Area	Hardee County and the zip codes 33825 - Avon Park, 33852 - Lake Placid,		
Represented in Survey Data	33870 – Sebring, 33872 – Sebring, 33873 – Wauchula, 33875 – Sebring.		
Languages Spoken	95.2% English		0.34% French
	3.29% Spanish		0.69% Tagalong
			0.52% Other:
Household Size	84.8% 1-3		
(Including yourself, how	20.10% 4-5		
many people currently live	3.00% 6+		
in your home?)			
Household Annual Income	11.24% Less than \$25,000		7.61% \$100,000-\$124,999
	20.1% \$25,000-\$49,999		4.33% \$125,000-\$149,999
	22.66% \$50,000-\$74,999		5.90% \$150,000 and up
	14.88% \$75,000-\$99,999		13.32% Prefer not to answer
Gender	79.06% Female		19.9% Male
Highest Education Level	0.69% Some High School		18.69% Bachelor's Degree
	14.7% High School Graduate		23.2% Graduate Degree
	25.1% Some College		0.69% Other: Less than high school,
	16.44 % Associate Degree		0.17% Vocational school completed
Ethnicity	9.17% Hispanic		88.7% Non-Hispanic
			2.10% Prefer not to answer
Race	83.7% White		1.70% Asian
	6.23% African-American		2.60% Multiple Races
	0.35% Hawaiian/Pacific Islander		2.25 % Other
	2.82% Prefer not to answer		
Are you a caregiver to an	5.71% Yes		94.10% No
adult family member who			
cannot care for themselves			
in your home?			
How many CHILDREN	None	69.70%	4 1.38%
(under age 18) currently live	1	10.9%	5 0.52%
in your home? Please	23	11.4% 5.71%	6 or more 0.35%
choose only one:	3	5./1%	

SOCIAL DETERMINANT QUESTIO	NS	
In the past 12 months, I worried about whether our food would run out before we got money to buy more.	6% Often True 13 % Sometime True	72% Never True 9% No Answer
In the past 12 months, the food that we bought just did not last, and we did not have money to get more.	4% Often True 12 % Sometime True	73% Never True 11% No Answer
In the past 12 months, did you or anyone living in your home ever get emergency food from a church, a food pantry, or a food bank, or eat in a soup kitchen?	22% YES	67% NO 11% No Answer
In the past 12 months, how many times did you eat fast food? Include fast food meals eaten at work, at home, or at fast- food restaurants, carryout or drive- through.	42% 1 -2 times 11% 3-4 times	4% 5+ times 43% No Answer
In the past 12 months has your utility company shut off your service for not paying your bills?	2% YES	85% NO 13% No Answer
Was there a time in the PAST 12 MONTHS when you needed medical care but did NOT get the care you needed? (Please choose only one)	15% YES	73% NO 12% No Answer
What is the MAIN reason you didn't get the medical care you needed? (Please choose only one)	63% Can't afford it / Costs too much 16% I don't have health insurance	21% I had trouble getting an appointment
Has there been any time in the past 2 years when you were living on the street, in a car, or in a temporary shelter?	0.2% YES	88% NO 11.8% No Answer
Are you worried or concerned that in the next 2 months you may not have stable housing that you own, rent, or stay in as part of a household?	5% YES	83% NO 12% No Answer
l feel safe in my own neighborhood.	76% Agree 9% Disagree	5% Not Sure 10% No Answer
am happy with my friendships and relationships.	83% Agree 4% Disagree	3% Not Sure 10% No Answer
I have enough people I can ask for help at any time	75% Agree 11% Disagree	4% Not Sure 10% No Answer
My relationships are as satisfying as I would want them to be.	77% Agree 8% Disagree	4% Not Sure 11% No Answer
STAKEHOLDER SURVEY RESULTS

Targeted interviews with community stakeholders were used to gather information and opinions from persons who represent the broad interests of the community served by the hospital. A total of 23 interviews were completed in June through July 2019.

Stakeholders were identified by the Collaborative partnership and contacted by email with an electronic link to the interview questions shown below. Stakeholders represented leaders and/or representatives of organizations that serve low – income, minority, and other underserved populations.

STAKEHOLDER INTERVIEW QUESTIONS

Please send any comments or que	estions to Kimberly Williams by email at
Kimberly.R.Williams@AdventHeal	
Thank you very much for your time	e and cooperation.
* 1. Please enter your name and orga	anization.
Name	
Organization	
* 2. Please SELECT ALL the countie	s in which you and/or your organization provide services or program
Hillsborough County	Highlands County
Pasco County	Hardee County
Pinellas County	Marion County
Other (please specify)	
Other (please specify)	
0	of 10 answered
Could you tell us a little about yo blease share the following in your response as an a . We would like your perspective o he following in your response: What	urself, your background, and your organization?If applicable, ponse: What is your organization's mission? Does your organizati

ł	6. Which groups in your community appear to struggle the most with these issues you've identified
	and how does it impact their lives? Please consider the following in your response: Are there specific
	challenges that impact low-income, under-served/uninsured persons experience? Are there specific
	challenges that impact different racial or ethnic groups in the community? Are there specific challenges that
	impact different groups based on age or gender in the community?

* 7. What barriers or challenges might prevent someone in the community from accessing health care or social services? (Examples might include lack of transportation, lack of health insurance coverage, language/cultural barriers, etc.)

* 8. Could you tell us about some of the strengths and resources in your community that address these issues, such as groups, initiatives, services, or programs? (*if including specific organizations in response, please include name and type of program*)

* 9. What services or programs do you feel could potentially have the greatest impact on the needs that you've identified?

* 10. Is there anything additional that should be considered for assessing the needs of the community?

STAKEHOLDER SURVEY RESULTS

The following top health needs emerged from the stakeholder interviews below:

- 1. Lack of Public Transportation
- 2. Behavioral Health (Substance Use Disorders, Mental Health, Crisis Care)
- 3. Access to Healthcare (Lack of Health Insurance, Poverty)
- 4. Infant Mortality Rates (Birth Disparities among Black Moms)
- 5. Obesity, Nutrition, and Diabetes (Adults and Children)

Some key quotes from Community Stakeholders are provided below:

Health Topics	
Lack of Public Transportation	"Highlands County faces more transportation-related issues due to the fact that it is geographically larger and those services that are available are spread out. Hardee have fewer resources than Highlands County when it comes to other factors."
	"There's a lack of transportation, lack of health insurance coverage, and a stigma of being seen at the Health Department."
	"Lack of transportation (no public transportation)."
	"The elder and the low-income communities are impacted greatly by the lack of transportation."
	"Driving distance for specialty care services."
	"Hardee County is a rural county, lacking in transportation services. There is a lack of specialists in the county, so medical appointments often require a commute out of county, which is difficult for those who lack transportation."
Behavioral Health (Substance	"Lack of health insurance (low income, low employment opportunities), low health literacy (not sure why, lower educational levels?)."
Use Disorders, Mental Health, Crisis Care)	"Lack of mental health facilities (not a money-maker), lack of specialized physicians (rural area, little in the way of things to do, poor schoolskeep physicians away or here for only a short time until their children get old enough for school)."
	"Denial of a mental health issue, social stigma surrounding mental health issues, lack of support from family to seek help, etc."
	"We are seeing a large population of indigent patients who need services. We are seeing increased needs in mental health and victim services. The top priority health issue we deal with is mental health and crisis care."
Access to Healthcare (Lack of Health	"Lack of transportation, lack of cultural sensitivity, lack of LGBTQIA support in the community, language barriers, lack of services being offered, lack of health insurance, cost of services even with insurances, lack of understanding of how to utilize health insurance, wait times for getting in to doctors, and location of services."
Insurance, Poverty)	"Mental health, poor diet and lack of exercise, lack of healthcare education/understanding (how to easily and properly access and navigate the healthcare system - like seeing your primary healthcare provider to prevent health issues to include oral health and use the ER strictly for emergencies)."
	"Lack of knowledge, lack of transportation, lack of proper insurance coverage, lack of trust in government healthcare providers." "Poor public transportation and a lack of/poor health insurance at TOP of list."

Infant Mortality Rates (Birth Disparities among Black Moms)	 "The lower the income, the more affected the individuals seem to be. Also, the level of education seems to have an effect as well as the environment." "To a very small extent, the Highway Park Neighborhood Council addresses some healthcare issues by having an annual health fair. This is very surface however." "We see in the migrant worker population - Lack of transportation, cost barriers, and a lack of knowledge about programs designed to help them." "Lack of access to specialty care." "Lack of public transportation and legal status for the Hispanics. Also, important to mention is the lag time in getting pregnant women into care in their first trimester. Some Providers do not accept appointments early in a woman's pregnancy and ask them to wait until they have missed 2-3 menses." "Hardee County has a higher Hispanic population than Highlands or Polk." "Birth Disparities among our Black moms and infants and white moms/infants. Black infants are 2.5 times more likely to die than white infants."
Obesity, Nutrition, and Diabetes (Adults and Children)	" Obesity, both adult and childhood, diabetes, hypertension, mental health issues." "Childhood Obesity and adverse childhood experiences are the priority health issues for Highlands and Hardee Counties. I think lack of education and resources are major contributors, as well as lack of transportation."
Vaccinations	"Hepatitis A – education of proper prevention and vaccination needed."

APPENDIX B: SECONDARY DATA REPORT

AdventHealth Wauchula Needs Assessment Report - Quick Facts

Location

AdventHealth Wauchula (Service Area)

Demographics

Data Indicator	Indicator Variable	Location Summary	State Average
Population Age 65+	Total Population	90,146	20,278,447
	Population Age 65+	24,931	3,926,889
	Percent Population Age 65+	27.66%	19.36%
Population Age 0-18	Total Population	90,146	20,278,447
	Population Age 0-17	18,628	4,111,582
	Percent Population Age 0-17	20.66%	20.28%
Population Age 18-64	Total Population	90,146	20,278,447
	Population Age 18-64	46,586	12,239,976
	Percent Population Age 18-64	51.68%	60.36%
Total Population	Total Population	90,145	20,278,447
	Total Land Area (Square Miles)	881	53,634.01
	Population Density (Per Square Mile)	102.26	378.09
Change in Total Population	Total Population, 2000 Census	78,993	15,982,378
	Total Population, 2010 Census	86,951	18,801,310
	Total Population Change, 2000-2010	7,958	2,818,932
	Percent Population Change, 2000-2010	10.07%	17.64%
Female Population	Total Population	90,146	20,278,447
	Female Population	44,889	10,364,086
	Percent Female Population	49.8%	51.11%
Hispanic Population	Total Population	90,145	20,278,447

	Non-Hispanic Population	67,036	15,263,432
	Percent Population Non-Hispanic	74.36%	75.27%
	Hispanic or Latino Population	23,109	5,015,015
	Percent Population Hispanic or Latino	25.64%	24.73%
Male Population	Total Population	90,146	20,278,447
	Male Population	45,257	9,914,361
	Percent Male Population	50.2%	48.89%

Social & Economic Factors

Data Indicator	Indicator Variable	Location Summary	State Average
Violent Crime	Total Population		
	Violent Crimes		
	Violent Crime Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)		
Population with No High School	Total Population Age 25+	64,500	14,396,066
Diploma	Population Age 25+ with No High School Diploma	12,547	1,787,348
	Percent Population Age 25+ with No High School Diploma	19.5%	12.42%
Poverty - Population Below 100% FPL	Total Population	86,416.77	19,858,469
Below 100/811 E	Population in Poverty	18,159.93	3,070,972
	Percent Population in Poverty	21%	15.46%
Insurance - Uninsured Adults	Total Population Age 18 - 64	43,309	12,071,750
oninsurea Aduits	Population with Medical Insurance	32,947	9,845,200
	Percent Population with Medical Insurance	76.1%	81.56%
	Population Without Medical Insurance	10,363	2,226,550
	Percent Population Without Medical Insurance	23.93%	18.44%
Insurance - Uninsured Children	Total Population Under Age 19	18,184	4,291,510
onnibuleu onnulen	Population with Medical Insurance	16,752	4,009,046
	Percent Population with Medical Insurance	92.1%	93.42%
	Population Without Medical Insurance	1,432	282,464
	Percent Population Without Medical Insurance	7.87%	6.58%

Income - Per Capita	Total Population	90,146	20,278,447
income	Total Income (\$)	\$1,869,573,775.00	\$583,486,218,200.00
	Per Capita Income (\$)	\$20,739.00	\$28,773.00
Unemployment Rate	Labor Force	33,599	10,365,951
	Number Employed	31,084	10,047,379
	Number Unemployed	2,515	318,572
	Unemployment Rate	7.5%	3.1%
Lack of Social or Emotional Support	Total Population Age 18+	68,488	14,682,954
	Estimated Population Without Adequate Social / Emotional Support	16,332	3,127,469
	Crude Percentage	23.8%	21.3%
	Age-Adjusted Percentage	24.9%	21.2%
Teen Births	Female Population Age 15 - 19	2,412	597,095
	Births to Mothers Age 15 - 19	162	21,555
	Teen Birth Rate (Per 1,000 Population)	67.05	36.1
Food Insecurity Rate	Total Population	86,298	19,893,297
	Food Insecure Population, Total	13,384	3,227,600
	Food Insecurity Rate	15.5%	16.2%
Poverty - Children Below 100% FPL	Total Population	86,416	19,858,469
Delow 100% I FL	Population Under Age 18	18,288	4,044,879
	Population Under Age 18 in Poverty	6,542	901,772
	Percent Population Under Age 18 in Poverty	35.78%	22.29%

Physical Environment

Data Indicator	Indicator Variable	Location Summary	State Average
Use of Public Transportation	Total Population Employed Age 16+	28,407	8,907,171
	Population Using Public Transit for Commute to Work	798	180,231
	Percent Population Using Public Transit for Commute to Work	2.81 %	2%
Population with Low	Total Population	86,950	18,801,310
	Population with Low Food Access	29,925	4,831,135
	Percent Population with Low Food Access	34.42%	25.7%

Clinical Care

Data Indicator	Indicator Variable	Location Summary	State Average
Access to Dentists	Total Population, 2015	87,322	20,271,272
	Dentists, 2015	31	11,304
	Dentists, Rate per 100,000 Pop.	35.7	55.8
Cancer Screening - Sigmoidoscopy or	Total Population Age 50+	33,119	5,497,252
Colonoscopy	Estimated Population Ever Screened for Colon Cancer	21,587	3,628,186
	Crude Percentage	65.2%	66%
	Age-Adjusted Percentage	51.4%	61.5%
Cancer Screening - Mammogram	Total Medicare Enrollees	13,038	1,861,794
mannogram	Female Medicare Enrollees Age 67-69	1,007	161,850
	Female Medicare Enrollees with Mammogram in Past 2 Years	652	109,429
	Percent Female Medicare Enrollees with Mammogram in Past 2 Year	64.8%	67.6%
Cancer Screening - Pap Test	Female Population Age 18+	58,890	11,566,352
i dp rest	Estimated Number with Regular Pap Test	36,522	8,894,525
	Crude Percentage	62%	76.9%
	Age-Adjusted Percentage	64.5%	78.8%
Facilities Designated as Health Professional	Primary Care Facilities	4	138
Shortage Areas	Mental Health Care Facilities	5	125
	Dental Health Care Facilities	4	127
	Total HPSA Facility Designations	13	390
Lack of Prenatal Care	Total Births	114.80	906,594
	Mothers Starting Prenatal Care in First Semester	63.87	603,986
	Mothers with Late or No Prenatal Care	48.75	250,800
	Prenatal Care Not Reported	2.19	51,808
	Percentage Mothers with Late or No Prenatal Care	42.5%	27.7%
Federally Qualified Health Centers	Total Population	39,684	18,801,310
Health Centers	Number of Federally Qualified Health Centers	4	406
	Rate of Federally Qualified Health Centers per 100,000 Population	10.08	2.16

Lack of a Consistent Source of Primary	Survey Population (Adults Age 18+)	80,758	14,671,272
Care	Total Adults Without Any Regular Doctor	21,713	3,638,104
	Percent Adults Without Any Regular Doctor	26.9%	24.80%
Preventable Hospital Events	Total Medicare Part A Enrollees	10,170	1,506,764
Lyents	Ambulatory Care Sensitive Condition Hospital Discharges	6,061	80,828
	Ambulatory Care Sensitive Condition Discharge Rate	59.6	53.6

Health Behaviors

Data Indicator	Indicator Variable	Location Summary	State Average
Alcohol Consumption	Total Population Age 18+	68,488	14,682,954
	Estimated Adults Drinking Excessively	5,679	2,334,590
	Estimated Adults Drinking Excessively (Crude Percentage)	11.6%	15.9%
	Estimated Adults Drinking Excessively (Age-Adjusted Percentage)	15.6%	17.1%
Physical Inactivity	Total Population Age 20+	67,370	15,678,149
	Population with no Leisure Time Physical Activity	22,142	3,874,964
	Percent Population with no Leisure Time Physical Activity	30.9%	23.6%
Tobacco Usage - Current Smokers	Total Population Age 18+	68,487.98	14,682,954
ourient officiels	Total Adults Regularly Smoking Cigarettes	13,200.89	2,642,932
	Percent Population Smoking Cigarettes (Crude)	19.3%	18%
	Percent Population Smoking Cigarettes (Age-Adjusted)	22.2%	18.9%

Health Outcomes

Data Indicator	Indicator Variable	Location Summary	State Average
Mortality - Lung Disease	Total Population	86,889	19,929,487
	Average Annual Deaths, 2007-2011	100	11,363
	Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	114.89	57.02
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	53.91	38.55
Mortality - Unintentional Injury	Total Population	86,889	19,929,487
	Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014	54	10,015

	Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	62.29	50.25
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	55.65	44.43
Mortality - Heart Disease	Total Population	86,889	19,929,487
	Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014	268	44,078
	Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	308.23	221.17
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	154.83	149.9
High Blood Pressure (Adult)	Total Population (Age 18+)	68,487	14,682,954
(Addit)	Total Adults with High Blood Pressure	19,092	4,155,276
	Percent Adults with High Blood Pressure	27.88%	28.3%
Cancer Incidence - Lung	Estimated Total Population	15,647	2,771,859
	New Cases (Annual Average)	106	16,548
	Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	68.3	59.7
Mortality - Premature	Total Population	86,950	56,417,393
Death	Total Premature Death, 2014-2016	397	256,433
	Total Years of Potential Life Lost,2014-2016 Average	6,929	4,112,576
	Years of Potential Life Lost, Rate per 100,000 Population	7,969	7,290
Cancer Incidence -	Estimated Total Population (Male)	7,331	1,300,513
Prostate	New Cases (Annual Average)	48	12,667
	Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	65.7	97.4
Cancer Incidence - Breast	Estimated Total Population (Female)	6,723	1,330,172
	New Cases (Annual Average)	72	15,430
	Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	107.8	116
Cancer Incidence - Cervix	Estimated Total Population (Female)	3,169	1,048,314
Cervix	New Cases (Annual Average)	3	933
	Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	11.5	8.9
Cancer Incidence - Colon and Rectum	Estimated Total Population	14,946	2,653,116
Colon and Rectum	New Cases (Annual Average)	57	9,790
	Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	38.7	36.9
Obesity	Total Population Age 20+	67,356	15,687,277

	Adults with BMI > 30.0 (Obese)	21,963	4,162,381
	Percent Adults with BMI > 30.0 (Obese)	33.6%	26.6%
Overweight	Survey Population (Adults Age 18+)	77,645	14,014,811
	Total Adults Overweight	25,169	5,146,693
	Percent Adults Overweight	32.4%	36.7%
Diabetes (Adult)	Total Population Age 20+	67,356	15,705,775
	Population with Diagnosed Diabetes	10,572	1,715,434
	Population with Diagnosed Diabetes, Age-Adjusted Rate	11.9%	9.22%
Poor General Health	Total Population Age 18+	68,488	14,682,954
	Estimated Population with Poor or Fair Health	15,334	2,525,468
	Crude Percentage	22.4%	17.2%
	Age-Adjusted Percentage	21.1%	15.9%
Mortality - Suicide	Total Population	86,889	19,929,487
	Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014	17	3,063
	Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	20.01	15.37
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	18.56	14.09
Mortality - Homicide	Total Population	86,889	19,929,487
	Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014	3	1,202
	Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	5.66	6.03
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	7.01	6.39
Mortality - Cancer	Total Population	86,889	19,929,487
	Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014	247	43,286
	Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	284.76	217.19
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	157.48	152.86
Mortality - Stroke	Total Population	86,889	19,929,487
	Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014	53	10,042
	Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	61.52	50.39
	Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)	28.72	33.87
High Cholesterol	Survey Population (Adults Age 18+)	71,383	11,691,020

(Adult)	Total Adults with High Cholesterol	35,217	4,898,256
	Percent Adults with High Cholesterol	49.34%	41.90%
Heart Disease (Adult)	Survey Population (Adults Age 18+)	81,820	14,681,551
	Total Adults with Heart Disease	7,614	822,348
	Percent Adults with Heart Disease	9.3%	5.6%
Depression (Medicare Population)	Total Medicare Fee-for-Service Beneficiaries	15,062	2,222,669
	Beneficiaries with Depression	2,591	420,851
	Percent with Depression	17.2%	18.9%
Poor Dental Health	Total Population (Age 18+)	68,295	14,682,954
	Total Adults with Poor Dental Health	16,403	2,635,605
	Percent Adults with Poor Dental Health	24%	18%
	Total Births	5,555	1,133,160
Infant Mortality	Total Infant Deaths	49	7,932
	Infant Mortality Rate (Per 1,000 Births)	8.8	7
Low Birth Weight	Total Live Births	91,567	1,585,346
	Low Weight Births (Under 2500g)	7,318	137,925
	Low Weight Births, Percent of Total	7.99%	8.7%
	Survey Population (Adults Age 18+)	81,985	14,756,311
Asthma Prevalence	Total Adults with Asthma	9,446	1,841,437
	Percent Adults with Asthma	11.5%	12.5%

https://ahs.engagementnetwork.org, 1/9/2019

APPENDIX C: HOSPITAL UTILIZATION & EMERGENCY ROOM DATA

Below are the top 10 diagnoses for AdventHealth Wauchula in 2018.

Emergency Department

- 1. Unspecified abdominal pain
- 2. Cough
- 3. Fever, unspecified
- 4. Chest pain, unspecified
- 5. Rash and other nonspecific skin eruption
- 6. Headache
- 7. Acute upper respiratory infection, unspecified
- 8. Low back pain
- 9. Acute pharyngitis, unspecified
- 10. Shortness of breath

Inpatient Admissions

- 1. Illness unspecified
- 2. Weakness unspecified
- 3. Ataxic gait
- 4. After care following joint replacement
- 5. Pneumonia unspecified organism
- 6. COPD w (acute) exacerbation
- 7. Fx unsp part of nk of I femr, subs for clos fx w rout heal
- 8. Altered mental state, unspecified
- 9. Encntr for surgical after following surgery on the circ sys
- 10. Fx unsp part of nk of r femr, subs for clos fx w rout heal