

Goal(s)	Integrate and strengthen the delivery systems mechanism to decrease health disparities and improve health outcomes in target communities.
Objective(s)	 Increase the visibility of THR's Community Health Improvement (CHI) interventions among internal and external stakeholders to create opportunities for collaboration and integration at the departmental and system levels. Measured by the number and types of collaborations between internal and external stakeholders. Measured by the number of outreach efforts for THR's Community Health interventions through internal and external stakeholders' channels. Finalize sustainability plans and collectively support strategies that increase resources, funding, and collaboration opportunities that strengthen THR's Community Health Improvement interventions. Measured by the level of funding secured for each priority area.
	 Demonstrate innovation at the departmental or system-level focused on improving the delivery of health services to our target population/communities. Measured by the types of innovative strategies that are leveraged to enhance the delivery of THR's Community Health Improvement (CHI) interventions between 2020 – 2022.
Target Audience(s)	Individuals and communities (zip codes) experiencing health disparities due to structural inequities that impact Social Determinants of Health (SDoH).
Strategic Alignment	Partnerships, Consumers
Priority Areas	 Chronic Disease Prevention and Management Behavioral Health Access, Health literacy, and Navigation Inclusive of social determinants that negatively impact each priority area.

Huguley Hospital Fort Worth South opened in 1977 as a member of Adventist Health System Sunbelt Healthcare Corporation, a 501(c)(3) organization d/b/a AdventHealth. In 2012, Texas Health Resources and Adventist Health System formed a partnership to own Texas Health Huguley Hospital, with Adventist Health System managing the daily operations of the hospital. The 2020-2022 Implementation Plan was completed by Texas Health Resources and was approved via email unanimously by the Texas Health Huguley Board on June 14, 2020. The Board approved the goals, objectives and next steps. A link to the 2020 Implementation Plan was posted on the Hospital's website prior to July 15, 2020. The Community Health Plan can be found at https://www.adventhealth.com/community-health-needs-assessments. Texas Health Huguley's fiscal year is January – December. Implementation of the 2020 CHP begins upon its approval by the Board. The first annual evaluation will begin from the date of implementation through the end of the calendar year. Evaluation results will be attached to the Hospital's IRS Form 990, Schedule H. The collective monitoring and reporting will ensure the plan remains relevant and effective.



Priority Area 1:	Chronic Disease Prevention and Management			
Focus Areas:	Diabetes, Hypertension, Cancer and Cholesterol Management			
Needs Statement:	 Chronic diseases are the major causes of illness, disability, and death in Texas, accounting for over 50% of all deaths per year. There is evidence that the social context of a person's life determines their risk of exposure, degree of susceptibility, and the course and outcome of chronic diseases. Chronic conditions are devastating for quality of life and are costly conditions to treat and manage. In 2014, Texas reported over \$34 billion in hospital charges related to just three chronic diseases: heart disease, cancer, and stroke. There is mounting evidence that focusing interventions, policies, and investments on addressing structural inequities can improve the health status and outcomes of vulnerable populations, thereby reducing health disparities. Data Sources: Cockerham, W.C., Hamby, B.W., & Oates, G.R. (2017). The Social Determinants of Chronic Disease. Journal of Preventive Medicine, 52, 55 – 512. Retrieved from https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.aov/pmc/articles/PMC5328595/pdf/nihms847488.pdf Hellerstedt, J. (2018). The state of health in Texas: Creativity, Collaboration Needed to Reduce the Growing Burden of Chronic Disease. Texas Medicine. 114(2):22-27. Retrieved from https://www.texmed.org/Template.aspx?id=46540 Texas Department of State Health Services. (2014). The health status of Texas 2014. Retrieved from https://www.dshs.texas.aov/chs/HealthStatusTexas2014.pdf. Weinstein, J.N., Geller, A., Negussie, Y., Baciu, A (2017). Communities in Action: Pathways to Health Equity. The National Academies Press, Washington D.C. Retrieved from https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK425848/pdf			
Interventions	Healthy Education Lifestyle Program (HELP) Faith Community Nursing and Health Promotion Wellness for Life (Mobile) Clinic Connect Community CARE (Connect, Ask, Respond, Educate) Program Community Impact Grants			
Process Measures	Number of completed referrals across CHI Tracked through the Community Health Improvement (CHI) Dashboard. interventions or collaborating departments. Tracked through the Community Health Improvement (CHI) Dashboard.			



	Adoption and integration of appropriate		Tracked thro	ugh the Community Health Im	provement (CHI) Dashboard.		
	screening measures across CHI intervent						
	Number and types of outreach efforts (in	nternal and	Tracked through the Community Health Improvement (CHI) Dashboard				
	external) for CHI interventions.						
	Demographics of individuals served thro	•		ugh the Community Health Im	provement Program Intake		
	interventions (i.e., age, gender, income,	education,	form (<i>new re</i>	esource).			
	zip code, race/ethnicity).						
Inputs				Outcomes			
Integration/Resources	Outputs	Short-Term	Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-Term Outcomes		
		By Decem	ber 2021	By December 2022	By December 2026		
Internal Stakeholders	Number of eligible participants	Improve refer	rals and	Improve participants' self-	Reduce preventable		
Community Health	referred to community health	navigation to	chronic	efficacy to appropriately	utilization in participants		
Improvement (<i>owner</i>)	interventions by internal or external	disease preve	ntion and	utilize chronic disease	from target communities –		
	stakeholders:	management	resources.	prevention and	measured by:		
Entities and THPG	 Number enrolled or signed up 			management resources	- Changes in		
	for the intervention.	Increase satisf	faction rate	within their communities.	Utilization of		
Program development	 Number that adhered by 	of participants	s in		Emergency		
and Integration (Sports	completing intervention based	community he	ealth		Departments (ED).		
Medicine and Behavioral	on stated requirements.	interventions.		Improve quality of life in	- Changes in		
Health)				participants as measured	readmission rates.		
	Number of participants seen each	Improve acces	ss to social	by improvements in one or			
Texas Health Resources	quarter in each intervention:	determinants	of health in	more of these health	Reduce health disparities in		
Foundation	 % of new participants 	target commu	inities –	indicators in the	target communities with		
	 % of recurring participants 	measured by		appropriate participants:	strategic CHI interventions.		
Consumer Experience	 % participating in more than 	improvement	s in:	- A1C			
(Integrated and Brand	one Community Health	- Food	security	- Blood Pressure	Demonstrate Cost-Benefits		
Experience, Analytics)	Improvement intervention	- Health	h literacy	- Cholesterol	(ROI) of Community Health		
	 % of no-show rates 	- Acces			Interventions to THR		
Community Engagement	 % from high-needs zip code 	health	ncare		Health Systems.		
and Advocacy (Faith &		servic	es and				



Spirituality, Public Affairs, Blue Zones Team)	Number and types of services offered to participants in CHI interventions (i.e., screenings, education, referrals,	- Transportation	
Ambulatory, Post-Acute, and Channel Support Services	treatment, etc.).		
Reliable Health (TREI, Clinical Informatics, and Magnet)			
Revenue Planning and Analysis			
External Stakeholders Community and Strategic Collaborators			



Priority Area 2:	Behavioral Health			
Focus Areas:	Depression, Social Isolation, Opioid Crisis, and Access to Beha	vioral Health Services		
Needs Statement	 Behavioral health conditions affect nearly one in five Americans and often goes undetected and untreated due fragmented behavioral and physical health systems. If left untreated, uncontrolled behavioral health can lead to high utilization of preventable hospitalization, wh turn leads to high health expenses for many patients and health care systems. According to SAMHSA, the cost is 75 percent higher for people with co-morbid behavioral and physical health conditions. Limited health care access and unsafe environments are potential risk factors for behavioral health disorders. exposures to violence, social isolation, and discrimination are sources of toxic stress that significantly contribue development and exacerbation of behavioral health disorders. It is important to empower individuals with the and resources to access and utilize appropriate behavioral health advances value for patients, providers, and communit Retrieved from https://www.aha.org/system/files/media/file/2019/05/aha-trendwatch-behavioral-health-2019.pdf American Hospital Association (2014). Support for social determinants of behavioral health and pathways for integrated and better public h Retrieved from https://www.apaa.org/system/files/media/file/2019/05/aha-trendwatch-behavioral-health-2015/01/28/14/58/support-for-s determinants of-behavioral-Health Robert Bree Collaborative. (2017). Behavioral Health Report and Integration Recommendations. Retrieved from https://www.breecollaborative.or content/uploads/Behavioral-Health-Systems-Integration-Final-Recommendations-2017-03.pdf Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). (2018). Health Care and Health Systems Integration. https://www.samhsa.gov/health-care-health-systems-integration 			
Interventions	Community Impact Grants Community CARE (Connect, Ask, Respond, Educate) Program Wellness for Life (Mobile) Healthy Education and Lifestyle Program (HELP) Faith Community Nursing and Health Promotion Medical Respite SANE Outreach			
Process Measures	Number of completed referrals across CHI interventions or collaborating departments.	Tracked through the Community Health Improvement (CHI) Dashboard.		



	loption and integration of appropriat easures across CHI interventions.	e health screening	Tracked through the Communit Dashboard.	ty Health Improvement (CHI)
	umber and types of outreach efforts (r CHI interventions.			ty Health Improvement (CHI)
int	emographics of individuals served thr erventions (i.e., age, gender, income ce/ethnicity).	•	Tracked through the Communit Program Intake form (<i>new reso</i>	, .
Inputs			Outcomes	
Integration/Resources	Outputs	Short-Term Outcomes By December 2021	Intermediate Outcomes By December 2022	Long-Term Outcomes By December 2026
Internal Stakeholders Community Health Improvement (<i>owner</i>) Entities and THPG Program development and Integration (<i>Sports Medicine</i> <i>and Behavioral Health</i>) Texas Health Resources Foundation	Number of eligible participants referred to community health interventions by internal or external stakeholders: - Number enrolled or signed up for the referred intervention. - Number that adhered by completing intervention based on stated requirements.	Improve referrals and navigation to behavioral health resources. Increase satisfaction rate of participants in community health interventions. Improve access to social determinants of health in target communities –	Improve participants' self- efficacy to utilize behavioral health resources within their communities appropriately. Improve quality of life in participants as measured by improvements in one or more of these indicators in the appropriate	Reduce preventable utilization in participants from target communities – measured by: - Changes in Utilization of Emergency Departments (ED). - Changes in readmission rates. Reduce health disparities in
Consumer Experience (Integrated and Brand Experience, Analytics) Community Engagement and Advocacy (Faith & Spirituality, Public Affairs, Blue Zones Team	Number of participants seeneach quarter in eachintervention:-% of new participants-% of recurringparticipants-% participating in morethan one Community	measured by improvements in: - Food security - Health literacy - Access to healthcare services and - Transportation	participants: - Depression - Social Isolation	target communities with strategic CHI interventions. Demonstrate Cost-Benefits (ROI) of Community Health Interventions to THR Health Systems.



Ambulatory, Post-Acute, and Channel Support Services	Health Improvement intervention - % of no-show rates - % from high-needs zip
Reliable Health (TREI, Clinical Informatics, and Magnet)	code
Revenue Planning and Analysis	Number and types of services offered to participants in CHI interventions (i.e., screenings,
External Stakeholders Community and Strategic Collaborators	education, referrals, treatment, etc.).



Priority Area 3:	Access, Health Literacy, and Navigation			
Focus Areas:	Patient Education and Outreach, Care Coordination, Access	to Primary Care Services		
Needs Statement	 Approximately 80 million adults in the United States have limited health literacy, which adversely affects the quality and cost of healthcare. Evidence shows that poor health literacy is associated with higher hospitalizations, greater use of emergency care, lower receipts of screenings and vaccines, reduced ability to demonstrate medication adherence, and poor overall health status and higher mortality rates. Individuals or groups that lack economic resources, reside in neighborhoods with high conditions of crime, have limited green space, and grocery stores are at risk for adverse health outcomes. There is evidence that a person's zip code has powerful influences on their health status, access to resources, and the ability to navigate those resources. Data Sources: Loignon, C., Dupere, S., Fortin, M., Ramsden, V.R., & Truchon, K. (2018). Health literacy – engaging the community in the co-creation of meaningful health navigation services: a study protocol. BMC Health Serv Res 18, 505 (2018). <u>https://doi.org/10.1186/s12913-018-3315-3</u> . McDonald, M., & Shenkman, L.J. (2018). Health literacy and health outcomes of adults in the United States: Implications for providers. Internet Journal of Allied Health Sciences and Practice, 16, 4. Retrieved from <u>https://nsuvorks.nova.edu/cai/viewcontent.cai?article=1689&context=ijahsp.</u> Murray, T.A. (2018). Overview and Summary: Addressing Social Determinants of Health: Progress and Opportunities. The Online Journal of Issues in Nursing, 23, Retrieved from <u>http://ojin.nursingworld.org/MainMenuCategories/ANAMarketplace/ANAPeriodicals/OJIN/TableofContents/Vol-23-2018/No3-Sept-2018/OS-Social-Determinants-of-Health.html</u>			
Interventions	 Wellness for Life (Mobile) Faith Community Nursing and Health Promotion Health Education and Lifestyle Program (HELP) Clinic Connect Community CARE (Connect, Ask, Respond, Educate) Program Community Impact Grants SANE Outreach 			
Process Measures	Number of completed referrals across CHI interventions or collaborating departments. Adoption and integration of appropriate health screening measures across CHI interventions.	Tracked through the Community Health Improvement (CHI) Dashboard. Tracked through the Community Health Improvement (CHI) Dashboard.		



Number a external)	Dashboard.			nprovement (CHI)	
Demogra intervent code, rac				nprovement Program Intake	
Inputs				Outcomes	
Integration/Resources	Outputs	Short-Term Ou By December 2		Intermediate Outcomes By December 2022	Long-Term Outcomes By December 2026
Internal Stakeholders Community Health Improvement (<i>owner</i>)	Number of eligible participants referred to community health interventions by internal or external stakeholders:	Improve referrals and navigation to health resources (behavioral and physical).		Improve participants' self- efficacy to utilize health resources within their communities	Reduce preventable utilization in participants from target communities – measured by:
Entities and THPG Program development and Integration (<i>Sports Medicine</i> and Behavioral Health)	 Number enrolled or signed up for the referred intervention. Number that adhered by completing intervention based on stated 	Increase satisfa participants in health interver Improve access	community ntions.	appropriately. Improve quality of life in participants - measured by improvements in one or more of these indicators	 Changes in Utilization of Emergency Departments (ED). Changes in readmission rates.
Texas Health Resources Foundation	requirements.	determinants c target commur		in the appropriate participants: - Healthy Behaviors	Reduce health disparities in target communities



Consumer Experience	Number of participants seen	measured by improvements	- Health Status	with strategic CHI
(Integrated and Brand	each quarter in each	in:		interventions.
Experience, Analytics) Community Engagement and	intervention: - % of new participants - % of recurring	 Food security Health literacy Access to 		Demonstrate Cost- Benefits (ROI) of
Advocacy (Faith & Spirituality, Public Affairs, Blue Zones Team)	 % of recurring participants % participating in more than one Community Health Improvement 	 Access to healthcare services and Transportation 		Community Health Interventions to THR Health Systems.
Ambulatory, Post-Acute, and Channel Support Services Reliable Health (<i>TREI</i> , <i>Clinical</i>	intervention% of no-show rates% from high-needs zip code			
Informatics, and Magnet) Revenue Planning and Analysis	Number and types of services offered to participants in CHI interventions (i.e., screenings,			
External Stakeholders Community and Strategic Collaborators	education, referrals, treatment, etc.).			



Focus Area: Sustainability/	'Resources			
	sh and roll out an integrated Com entions.	munity Health Improvement (CH	II) grants strategy that is focused o	n strengthening existing
		•		
Inputs		•	Outcomes	
Integration/Resources	Outputs	Short-Term Outcomes By December 2020	Intermediate Outcomes By December 2021	Long-Term Outcomes By December 2022
Internal Stakeholders Community Health Improvement (<i>owner</i>) Entities and THPG Program development ar Integration (<i>Sports Medici</i> <i>and Behavioral Health</i>) Texas Health Resources Foundation Consumer Experience (<i>Integrated and Brand</i> <i>Experience, Analytics</i>) Community Engagement a Advocacy (<i>Faith & Spiritual</i> <i>Public Affairs, Blue Zone</i> <i>Team</i>)	ine Ind	Secure up to \$1.5M in grants and sponsorships for Community Health Improvement support.	Secure up to \$3M in grants and sponsorships for CHI program support.	Secure up to \$5M in grants and sponsorships for CHI program support. Demonstrate Cost Benefits of Community Health Improvement Interventions ROI to THR Health System.



Ambulatory, Post-Acute, and Channel Support Services		
Reliable Health (<i>TREI, Clinical</i> Informatics, and Magnet)		
Revenue Planning and Analysis		
External Stakeholders Community and Strategic Collaborators		



ihort-Term Outcomes	Source	Frequency
nprove referrals and navigation to health resources (behavioral and physical).	CHI Intervention pre and post test; CHI dashboard	Quarterly
ncrease satisfaction rate of participants in community health interventions.	Press Ganey; CHI Intervention pre and post test; CHI dashboard	Quarterly
 mprove access to social determinants of health in target communities – measured by improvements r: Food security Health literacy Access to healthcare services and Transportation 	Zip Code level Social Needs Index (SNI) data from http://www.healthyntexas.org/	Annually
ntermediate Outcomes	Source	Frequency
mprove participants' self-efficacy to utilize health resources within their communities appropriately.	CHI Intervention pre-and -post test; CHI Dashboard	Quarterly
 mprove quality of life in participants - measured by improvements in one or more of these indicators: A1C Blood Pressure Cholesterol Depression Social Isolation Healthy Behaviors Health Status 	Appropriate screening measures (i.e., PhQ-9, Self- reported Health, DSSI, Social Needs Screening Tool) Retrospective and prospective data from these THR tracking platforms (Epic, Slicer Dicer).	Annually
_ong-Term Outcomes	Source	Frequency
Reduce preventable utilization in participants from target communities – measured by:	Retrospective and prospective	Annually



	Dallas Fort Worth Hospital Council (DFWHC)	
Reduce health disparities in target communities with strategic CHI interventions.	Zip code level Social Needs Index (SNI) data from <u>http://www.healthyntexas.org/</u>	Every three years
Demonstrate Cost-Benefits (ROI) of Community Health Interventions to THR Health Systems.	CHI Dashboard for Program Impact	Annually
	Budget report to capture financial revenue and expenses	
	Retrospective and prospective utilization data from EPIC to track cost-savings to THR.	